

Supporting Information

© Wiley-VCH 2012

69451 Weinheim, Germany

Coupling Dy₃ Triangles to Maximize the Toroidal Moment**

Shuang-Yan Lin, Wolfgang Wernsdorfer, Liviu Ungur, Annie K. Powell, Yun-Nan Guo, Jinkui Tang, Lang Zhao, Liviu F. Chibotaru,* and Hong-Jie Zhang**

anie_201206602_sm_miscellaneous_information.pdf

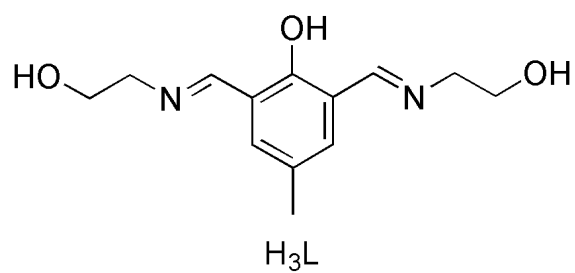
Experimental Section

General. All starting materials were of A.R. Grade and were used as commercially obtained without further purification. 2, 6-diformyl-4-methylphenol (DFMP) were prepared according to a previously published method.^[1] The Schiff-base ligand 2,6-bis((2-hydroxyethylimino)methyl)-4-methylphenol (H₃L, Scheme S1) was prepared by the *in-situ* condensation of 2, 6-diformyl-4-methylphenol and ethanolamine in a 1:2 ratio in methanol. Elemental analyses for C, H, and N were carried out on a Perkin-Elmer 2400 analyzer. Fourier transform IR (FTIR) spectra were recorded with a Perkin-Elmer FTIR spectrophotometer using the reflectance technique (4000-300 cm⁻¹). Samples were prepared as KBr disks. All magnetization data were recorded on a Quantum Design MPMS-XL7 SQUID magnetometer equipped with a 7 T magnet, except that Hysteresis loops were measured by a SQUID-VSM. The variable-temperature magnetization was measured with an external magnetic field of 1000 Oe in the temperature range of 1.9-300 K. The experimental magnetic susceptibility data are corrected for the diamagnetism estimated from Pascal's tables and sample holder calibration.

X-ray Crystallography. Crystallographic data and refinement details are given in Table S1. Suitable single crystal of **1** was selected for single-crystal X-ray diffraction analysis. Crystallographic data were collected at 185(2) K on a Bruker ApexII CCD diffractometer with graphite monochromated Mo K α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å). The structure was solved by direct methods and refined on F^2 with full-matrix least-squares techniques using SHELXS-97 and SHELXL-97 programs.^[2] The locations of Dy atom were easily determined, and O, N, and C atoms were subsequently determined from the difference Fourier maps. Anisotropic thermal parameters were assigned to all non-hydrogen atoms. The H atoms were introduced in calculated positions and refined with a fixed geometry with respect to their carrier atoms. Crystal data for **1**: C₅₄H₆₈Dy₆N₁₂O₂₇, $M = 2292.2$ g mol⁻¹, $T = 186(2)$ K, Triclinic space group $P-1$, $a = 12.8711(5)$ Å, $b = 15.8860(6)$ Å, $c = 18.9783(7)$ Å, $\alpha = 70.4010(10)^\circ$, $\beta = 83.2150(10)^\circ$, $\gamma = 67.4600(10)^\circ$, $V = 3376.2(2)$ Å³, $Z = 2$, Theta range for data collection is 1.46-26.08°, $\rho_{\text{calcd}} = 2.255$ g cm⁻³, $R_1 = 0.0507$, $wR_2 = 0.1392$ for 18872 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$, $F(000) = 2176$, $S = 1.077$. CCDC 896054 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

References

- 1 R. R. Gagne, C. L. Spiro, T. J. Smith, C. A. Hamann, W. R. Thies, A. K. Shiemke, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1981, **103**, 4073.
- 2 (a) G. M. Sheldrick, *SHELXS-97, Program for Crystal Structure Solution*, University of Göttingen, Germany, **1997**; (b) G. M. Sheldrick, *SHELXL-97. Program for Crystal Structure Refinement*, University of Göttingen, Germany, **1997**.



Scheme S1 Structure of the H₃L ligand.

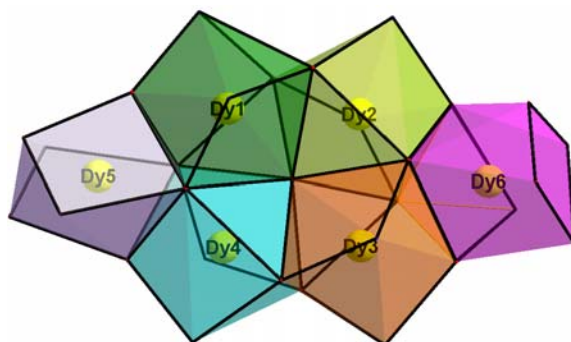


Figure S1. Coordination polyhedra observed in **1** showing distorted square antiprismatic geometries for Dy1/Dy2/Dy3/Dy4/Dy5 and a distorted tricapped trigonal-prismatic geometry for Dy6.

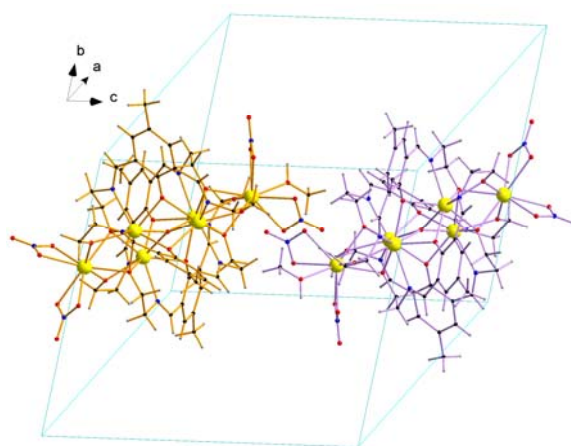


Figure S2. Crystal packing of complex **1** in unit cell. The right- and left-hand configurations coloured to emphasise the meso in unit cell.

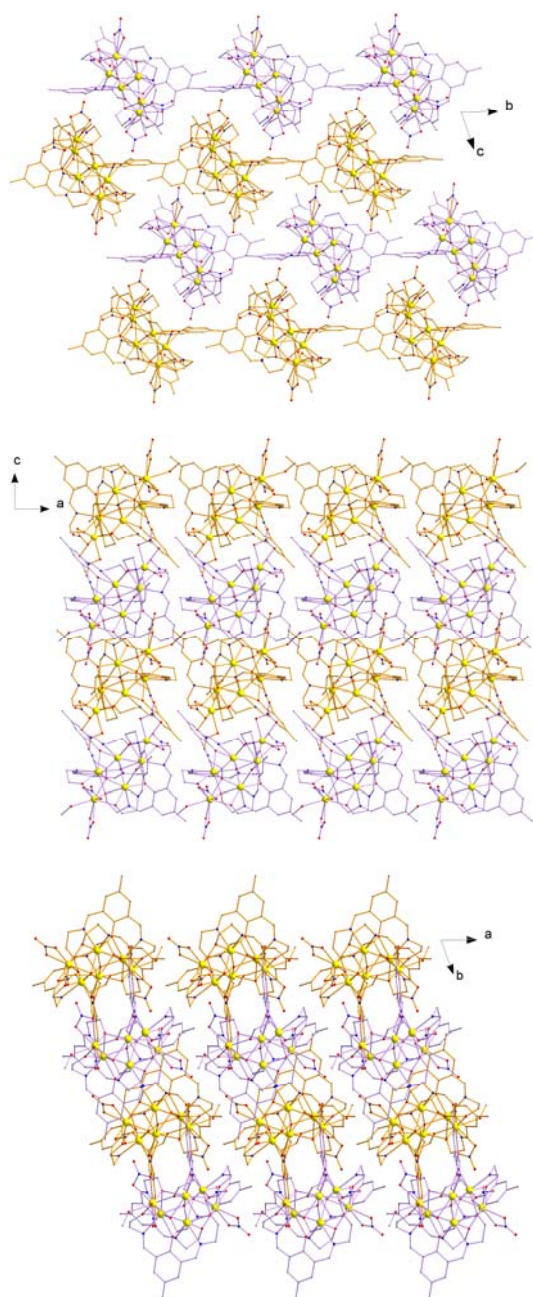


Figure S3. Crystal packing of arrangement complex **1** in different direction. Different colours are to emphasise the right- and left-hand configurations.

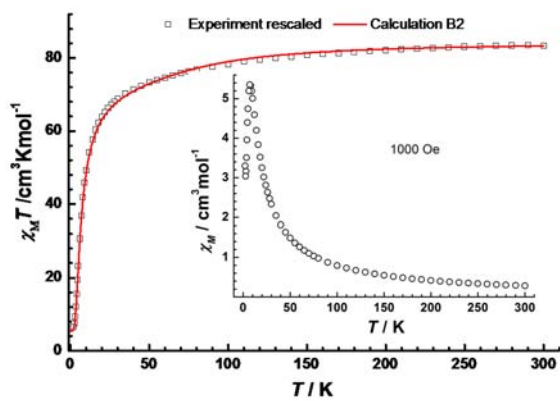


Figure S4. Plot of $\chi_M T$ vs T for **1**, the solid line corresponds to the best fit. The inset is a plot of temperature dependence of χ_M for **1**.

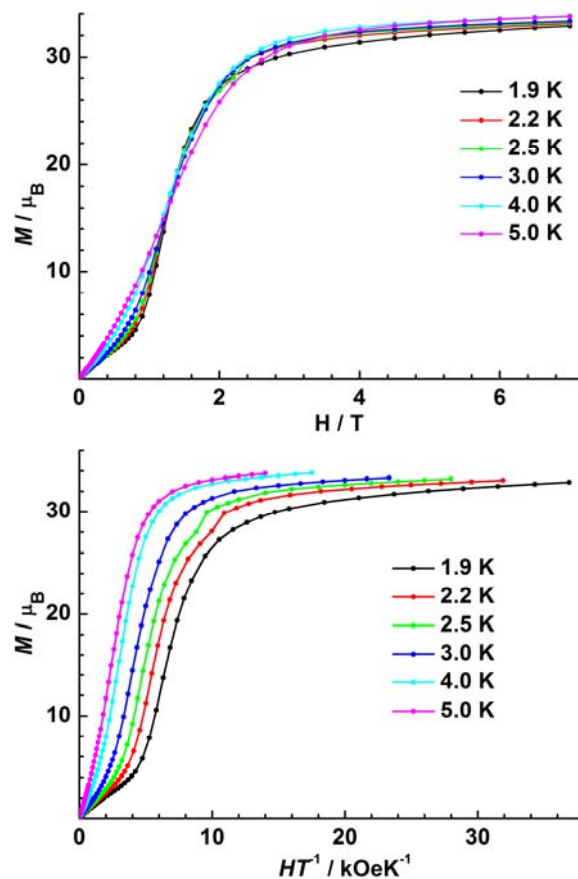


Figure S5. M versus H (Top) and M versus H/T (Bottom) plots at different temperatures below 5 K.

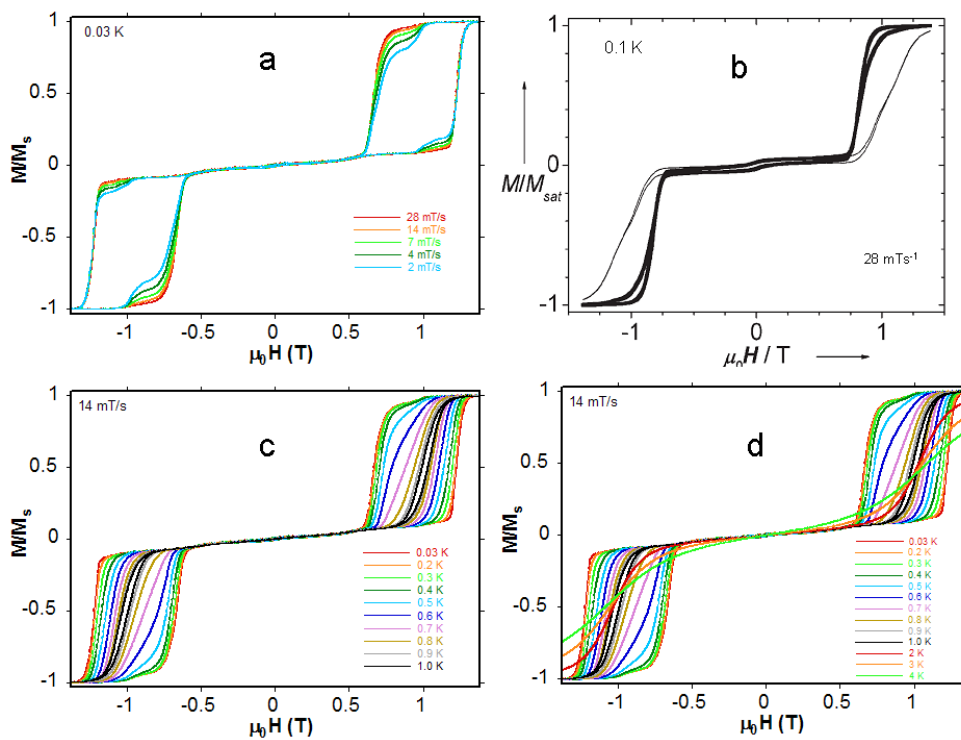


Figure S6. Hysteresis loops for **1** at different scan rates (a), and at different temperatures (c, d); Hysteresis loops for the prototype Dy_3 at 0.1 K and 28 mT s^{-1} (b). The observed larger hysteresis indicates that the “quantum mixing” in **1** is smaller than that in the prototype Dy_3 .

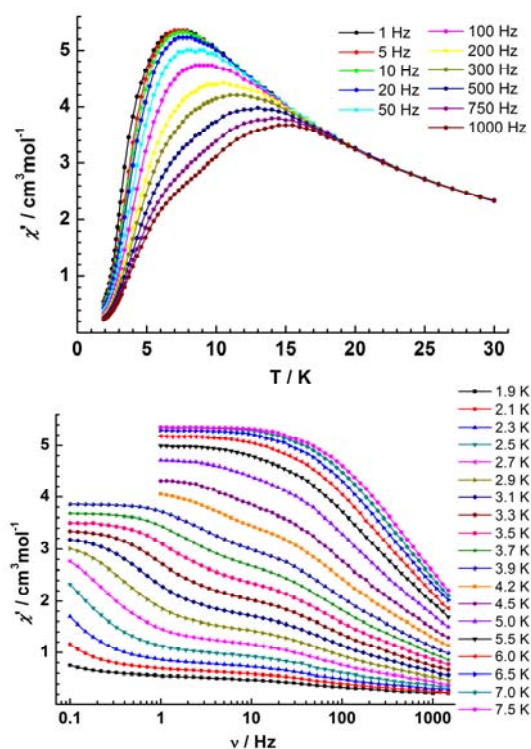


Figure S7. (Top): Temperature dependence of the in-phase ac susceptibility (χ') for **1** between 1 and 1000 Hz at $H_{dc} = 0$ Oe; (Bottom): Frequency dependence of the in-phase ac susceptibility for **1**, measured between 1.9 and 7.5 K at $H_{dc} = 0$ Oe. The solid lines are guides for the eyes.

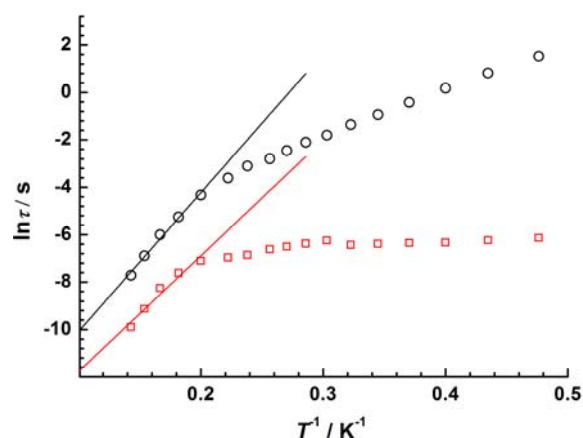


Figure S8. Plot of relaxation time (τ , natural logarithmic scale) vs. temperature (reciprocal scale) extracted from frequency-dependent data between 1.9 and 7.0 K under zero dc field. (red): relaxation phase in high frequency. (black): relaxation phase in low frequency. The solid lines represent linear fits to the Arrhenius equation based on the ac susceptibility data, affording effective energy barriers 33.9 and 40.7 K and pre-exponential factors (τ_0) of 5.8×10^{-8} and 1.2×10^{-7} s for two relaxation phases.

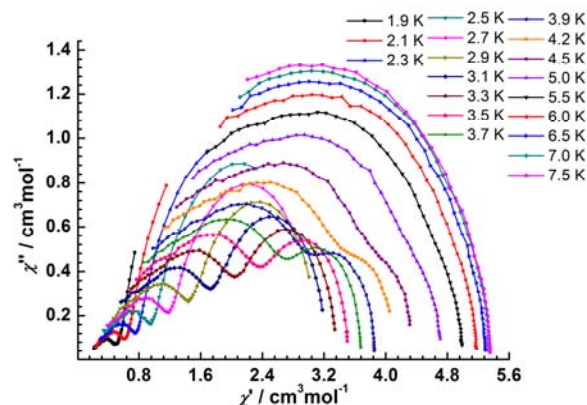


Figure S9. Cole-Cole diagram in the range of 1.9-7.5 K and zero-dc field, the solid lines are guides for the eyes.

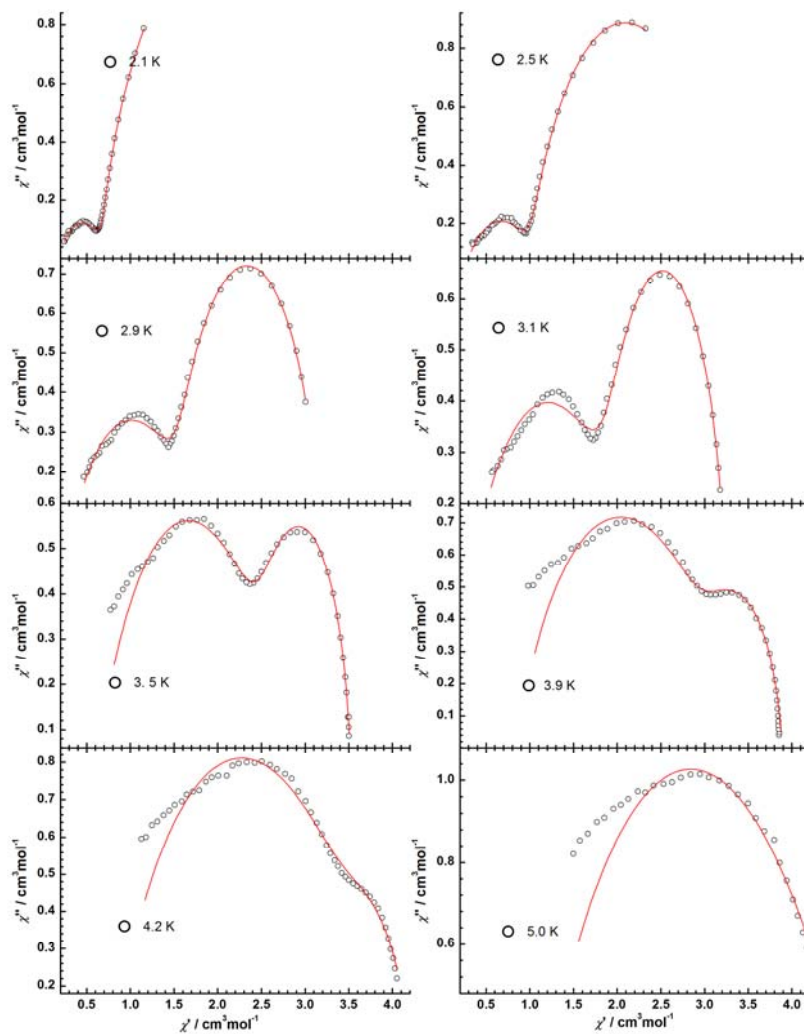


Figure S10. Cole-Cole diagram between 2.1 to 5.0 K for **1**, solid lines indicate fits to eq 1.

$$\chi_{AC}(\omega) = \chi_{s,\text{tot}} + \frac{\Delta\chi_1}{1 + (i\omega\tau_1)^{(1-\alpha_1)}} + \frac{\Delta\chi_2}{1 + (i\omega\tau_2)^{(1-\alpha_2)}} \quad \text{Eq. (1)}$$

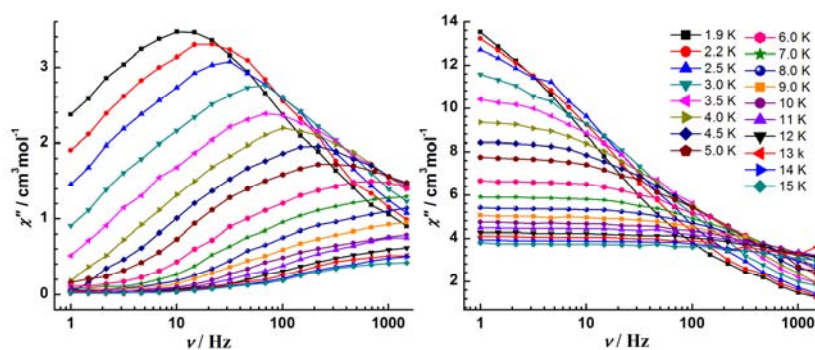


Figure S11. Frequency dependence of the ac susceptibility for **1**, measured between 1.9 and 15 K under 13 kOe dc field. The solid lines are guides for the eyes.

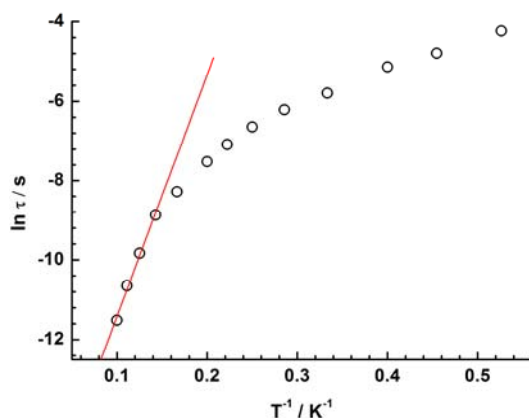


Figure S12. Arrhenius plot constructed from frequency-dependent data between 1.9 and 10 K under 13 kOe dc field. The solid line represents linear fit to the Arrhenius equation, affording an effective energy barrier of 42.3 K and pre-exponential factor (τ_0) of 2.5×10^{-8} .

Table S1. Relaxation fitting parameters from Least-Squares Fitting of $\chi(\omega)$ data.

T (K)	$\Delta\chi_s$ ($\text{cm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}$)	$\Delta\chi_1$ ($\text{cm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}$)	$\Delta\chi_2$ ($\text{cm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}$)	τ_1 (s)	τ_2 (s)	α_1	α_2
1.9	0.171	2.846	0.395	10.967	2.65E-3	0.141	0.464
2.1	0.180	2.633	0.510	4.590	2.16E-3	0.129	0.447
2.3	0.197	2.333	0.647	2.252	1.97E-3	0.121	0.443
2.5	0.217	2.111	0.844	1.199	1.78E-3	0.122	0.437
2.7	0.260	1.817	1.064	0.658	1.75E-3	0.105	0.429
2.9	0.281	1.509	1.372	0.391	1.69E-3	0.0737	0.445
3.1	0.258	1.195	1.802	0.256	1.61E-3	0.0329	0.483
3.3	0.629	1.161	1.582	0.164	1.95E-3	0.0585	0.314
3.5	0.607	0.888	2.030	0.121	1.71E-3	0.0110	0.369
3.7	0.720	0.809	2.173	0.0864	1.50E-3	0.0371	0.336
3.9	0.850	0.762	2.274	0.0612	1.34E-3	0.0736	0.302
4.2	0.782	0.581	2.846	0.0451	1.05E-3	0.165	0.357
4.5	0.928	0.479	3.035	0.0270	9.47E-4	0.193	0.335
5.0	1.007	0.189	3.589	0.0134	8.18E-4	0.111	0.346
5.5	1.008	0.415	3.591	0.00521	4.89E-4	0.131	0.310
6.0	0.907	1.171	3.132	0.00248	2.59E-4	0.138	0.255
6.5	0.848	2.563	1.907	0.00101	1.09E-4	0.215	0.139
7.0	0.708	3.634	1.011	4.48E-4	5.03E-5	0.282	0.164

ab initio calculations for compound 1

Computational details

All calculations were done with MOLCAS 7.6 and are of CASSCF/RASSI/SINGLE_ANISO type.

The mononuclear Dy fragments have the same structure as the initial Dy₆ complex, in which all other five Dy ions were computationally substituted by diamagnetic Lu.

Two basis set approximations have been employed: **1** – small, and **2** – large. Table S1 shows the contractions of the employed basis sets for all elements.

Table S2. Contractions of the employed basis sets in computational approximations **1** and **2**.

Basis 1	Basis 2
Dy.ANO-RCC...7s6p4d3f1g.	Dy.ANO-RCC...8s7p5d4f2g1h.
Lu.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.27s23p15d10f.6s4p3d1f.	Lu.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.27s23p15d10f.6s4p3d1f.
O.ANO-RCC...3s2p1d. (close)	O.ANO-RCC...4s3p1d. (close)
O.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p. (distant)	O.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p. (distant)
N.ANO-RCC...3s2p1d. (close)	N.ANO-RCC...4s3p1d. (close)
N.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p. (distant)	N.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p. (distant)
C.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p.	C.ANO-RCC...3s2p1d. (close)
H.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.6s.1s.	C.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.12s8p.2s1p. (distant)
	H.ANO-DK3.Tsuchiya.6s.1s.

Active space of the CASSCF method included 9 electrons in 7 orbitals (4f orbitals of Dy³⁺ ion).

We have mixed 21 sextets, 128 quartet and 130 doublet states by spin-orbit coupling.

On the basis of the resulting spin-orbital multiplets SINGLE_ANISO program computed local magnetic properties (g-tensors, magnetic axes, local magnetic susceptibility, etc.)

Electronic and magnetic properties of individual Dy centers

Table S3. Energies of the lowest Kramers doublets (cm⁻¹).

basis set 1 (small)					
Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
181.863	166.890	152.485	173.820	249.668	193.695
239.395	234.944	219.692	216.556	390.278	356.121
285.142	281.495	262.782	249.408	434.192	458.560
331.937	326.298	302.344	294.643	474.181	480.261
386.465	359.801	355.412	321.768	508.419	555.116
494.977	447.148	486.589	400.812	567.980	601.860
523.379	509.576	520.492	496.853	638.330	704.672
3628.372	3632.043	3611.726	3636.196	3671.612	3634.795
3756.790	3740.851	3741.141	3724.129	3824.921	3808.054
3804.709	3789.054	3770.467	3768.541	3925.282	3905.257
3836.759	3829.401	3818.533	3803.979	3975.135	3978.942
3889.692	3879.011	3874.005	3848.673	4011.019	4045.402
3936.742	3918.772	3928.168	3877.130	4057.191	4088.067
3972.245	3934.788	3955.244	3915.765	4073.352	4168.278
6195.540	6198.474	6176.171	6195.067	6281.999	6233.159
6294.180	6278.139	6275.416	6262.096	6356.141	6352.715
6323.327	6309.763	6303.036	6291.947	6422.693	6428.699
6376.151	6357.419	6356.050	6326.208	6495.478	6515.697
6426.535	6408.344	6406.653	6376.531	6553.282	6599.435
6474.529	6451.921	6464.492	6425.191	6596.322	6654.694
8167.821	8165.025	8148.884	8155.123	8269.139	8233.058
8240.885	8229.983	8222.903	8211.699	8319.225	8328.871
8308.929	8281.894	8286.113	8260.399	8394.189	8406.717
8346.569	8336.451	8328.844	8307.792	8479.421	8517.483
8419.849	8399.071	8407.185	8371.967	8538.487	8590.793
9696.272	9693.551	9677.141	9680.910	9798.510	9776.995
9801.396	9773.283	9783.145	9753.728	9871.788	9876.689
9847.692	9845.203	9825.826	9821.674	9986.349	10003.509
9943.826	9920.022	9932.829	9891.940	10054.028	10120.980
...

Table S4. Energies (cm⁻¹) and g tensors of the lowest Kramers doublets (KD), basis set 1.

KD		Dy1		Dy2		Dy3		Dy4		Dy5		Dy6	
		E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g
1	g _X		0.0060		0.0058		0.0066		0.0102		0.0059		0.0066
	g _Y	0.000	0.0133	0.000	0.0101	0.000	0.0124	0.000	0.0177	0.000	0.0075	0.000	0.0084
	g _Z		19.7371		19.6730		19.7571		19.6940		19.8013		19.8127
2	g _X		0.4558		0.1498		0.4985		0.2245		0.1187		0.0199
	g _Y	181.863	0.6912	166.890	0.2087	152.485	0.7102	173.820	0.3248	249.668	0.2002	193.695	0.0353
	g _Z		17.2863		17.1060		17.8520		17.1761		16.6445		17.0623
3	g _X		3.1484		1.4247		3.7494		1.6762		3.1680		0.8215
	g _Y	239.395	4.3230	234.944	1.9514	219.692	5.2252	216.556	2.6288	390.278	3.6738	356.121	0.9191
	g _Z		11.9895		13.0575		11.1614		13.0607		11.0933		14.1224
4	g _X		9.3490		3.6426		10.2468		7.5269		1.0762		2.1024
	g _Y	285.142	6.7568	281.495	6.0630	262.782	7.3210	249.408	6.7741	434.192	5.5151	458.560	5.7926
	g _Z		2.1675		8.9313		0.6275		4.6806		11.7497		10.8394
5	g _X		1.7832		1.4204		0.3935		2.8256		0.8326		7.8389
	g _Y	331.937	2.0710	326.298	4.4170	302.344	2.7181	294.643	4.6224	474.181	3.4804	480.261	4.7769
	g _Z		11.1032		10.2205		11.8932		9.6386		9.6123		1.6724
6	g _X		1.5878		9.7386		1.9533		10.5305		1.6206		8.4795
	g _Y	386.465	2.9258	359.801	8.3234	355.412	3.6090	321.768	7.8681	508.419	6.2794	555.116	5.4626
	g _Z		14.8302		2.5014		14.2724		2.4982		12.5847		0.5766
7	g _X		1.3996		0.0250		1.2052		0.4290		0.3131		2.2129
	g _Y	494.977	4.9569	447.148	1.5127	486.589	2.8453	400.812	1.1652	567.980	0.6823	601.860	6.3168
	g _Z		12.1708		16.2311		14.9144		17.5584		19.0294		12.0767
8	g _X		0.8573		0.3825		0.6942		0.1443		0.0729		0.1271
	g _Y	523.379	6.2099	509.576	1.2582	520.492	3.9441	496.853	0.3460	638.330	0.2673	704.672	0.2700
	g _Z		13.7019		18.0951		15.9479		19.0712		19.3569		19.3883

Table S5. Energies of the lowest Kramers doublets (cm⁻¹) obtained with basis set 2.

basis set 2 (large)						
Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6	
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
172.293	160.888	141.581	167.058	249.721	191.646	
223.498	221.348	201.659	201.442	390.563	349.618	
261.612	258.477	238.687	226.973	438.007	456.665	
304.214	299.988	279.964	266.020	474.709	492.971	
356.552	333.541	330.253	294.100	515.550	538.094	
472.533	422.458	465.156	376.734	540.067	590.162	
502.696	492.495	503.597	482.803	656.566	655.723	
3620.826	3626.571	3604.523	3629.168	3670.604	3630.742	
3741.414	3726.313	3720.731	3708.364	3822.047	3802.375	
3778.644	3768.646	3747.401	3746.895	3922.554	3903.697	
3814.019	3805.594	3797.480	3778.428	3972.780	3974.321	
3863.744	3854.593	3850.640	3824.543	4013.969	4033.553	
3913.102	3891.600	3905.790	3850.869	4035.106	4085.071	
3942.316	3911.605	3930.828	3894.837	4087.140	4120.329	
6183.020	6189.375	6163.784	6184.066	6281.166	6227.282	
6275.781	6260.352	6252.268	6242.497	6351.631	6346.926	
6299.493	6287.811	6283.775	6270.431	6418.698	6423.558	
6349.207	6330.707	6331.587	6298.187	6488.424	6502.451	
6396.116	6381.350	6377.354	6350.819	6543.211	6586.361	
6446.207	6425.229	6440.526	6399.196	6600.764	6622.477	
8151.429	8151.875	8132.696	8140.239	8266.986	8225.235	
8219.699	8209.582	8201.186	8190.690	8313.618	8322.252	
8281.072	8255.892	8260.278	8232.780	8386.957	8395.611	
8318.108	8309.837	8301.837	8282.329	8468.405	8500.234	
8389.861	8371.188	8380.644	8344.435	8539.459	8565.159	
9678.179	9678.667	9659.251	9664.612	9795.560	9768.678	
9776.694	9748.817	9757.680	9727.855	9862.668	9867.112	
9819.315	9819.426	9800.259	9796.093	9975.890	9991.503	
9913.535	9891.722	9905.457	9864.260	10052.408	10093.026	
...	

Table S6. Energies (cm⁻¹) and g tensors of the lowest Kramers doublets (KD), basis set 2.

KD		Dy1		Dy2		Dy3		Dy4		Dy5		Dy6	
		E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g	E	g
1	g _x		0.0078		0.0054		0.0074		0.0106		0.0047		0.0067
	g _y	0.000	0.0152	0.000	0.0087	0.000	0.0127	0.000	0.0171	0.000	0.0069	0.000	0.0073
	g _z		19.7343		19.6562		19.7393		19.6872		19.7828		19.8214
2	g _x		0.6270		0.1890		0.5943		0.3018		0.1879		0.0523
	g _y	172.293	1.0125	160.888	0.2430	141.581	0.9257	167.058	0.3579	249.721	0.2572	191.646	0.0637
	g _z		17.1926		17.0085		17.7579		17.0213		16.5851		17.0556
3	g _x		3.7516		1.6901		4.0860		2.4378		3.2211		0.6097
	g _y	223.498	5.3515	221.348	2.4582	201.659	6.7192	201.442	3.9704	390.563	3.7606	349.618	0.6933
	g _z		11.0200		12.6085		10.2507		11.9665		11.1241		14.1274
4	g _x		9.6494		2.3642		1.4185		7.3659		1.4803		2.9050
	g _y	261.612	7.0852	258.477	5.5425	238.687	5.6026	226.973	6.6388	438.007	5.4050	456.665	3.2134
	g _z		0.7877		9.5715		10.4051		2.6281		11.7121		10.0872
5	g _x		0.1924		0.3072		2.0176		1.1284		0.6780		1.2615
	g _y	304.214	2.4746	299.988	4.1167	279.964	3.3455	266.020	3.6939	474.709	4.3789	492.971	3.0711
	g _z		11.3959		10.8696		12.6143		11.7742		9.8525		16.5320
6	g _x		1.6108		11.0569		1.8272		10.9030		1.5850		0.4931
	g _y	356.552	3.1253	333.541	6.7612	330.253	3.3259	294.100	7.2074	515.550	3.0983	538.094	4.3211
	g _z		14.8195		2.2441		14.5049		2.3918		15.1808		11.0403
7	g _x		1.1577		0.1753		0.9251		0.3737		0.5451		1.8807
	g _y	472.533	2.8958	422.458	1.1943	465.156	1.5001	376.734	0.9030	540.067	0.7570	590.162	3.3834
	g _z		14.9198		17.2416		16.7395		18.0756		18.8934		13.4668
8	g _x		0.6693		0.2485		0.4904		0.0933		0.0080		0.2846
	g _y	502.696	3.9041	492.495	0.7301	503.597	2.2805	482.803	0.2090	656.566	0.0481	655.723	0.7757
	g _z		15.9273		18.6634		17.4694		19.2951		19.5855		18.5234

Table S7. Angles between the main magnetic axes of the lowest Kramers doublet obtained in different computational approximations (degrees)

basis 1:

	Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6
Dy1	0.000	68.561	4.530	72.029	58.741	56.778
Dy2	68.561	0.000	66.940	3.579	56.913	60.694
Dy3	4.530	66.940	0.000	70.466	61.954	56.436
Dy4	72.029	3.579	70.466	0.000	54.097	57.196
Dy5	58.741	56.913	61.954	54.097	0.000	41.985
Dy6	56.778	60.694	56.436	57.196	41.985	0.000

basis 2:

	Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6
Dy1	0.000	69.608	4.658	73.312	58.340	57.536
Dy2	69.608	0.000	67.776	3.777	56.551	58.859
Dy3	4.658	67.776	0.000	71.528	61.799	57.404
Dy4	73.312	3.777	71.528	0.000	53.481	55.223
Dy5	58.340	56.551	61.799	53.481	0.000	42.091
Dy6	57.536	58.859	57.404	55.223	42.091	0.000

Table S8. Angles between the main magnetic axes of the lowest Kramers doublet on Dy centers obtained in two basis set approximations, i.e. angle between magnetic axis obtained with basis set 1 and magnetic axis obtained with basis set 2 (degrees).

	Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6
angle	0.442	0.627	0.219	0.846	0.364	1.229

Table S9. Angles between the main magnetic axes of the lowest Kramers doublet on Dy centers with the plane of the corresponding triangle (236 and 145).

	Dy1	Dy2	Dy3	Dy4	Dy5	Dy6
angle	7.088	9.754	5.106	8.411	7.037	5.368

Model of the exchange interaction in Dy₆ complex

$$H = -(J_{dip} + J_{exch}) \left(\hat{s}_1 \hat{s}_2 + \hat{s}_1 \hat{s}_3 + \hat{s}_1 \hat{s}_4 + \hat{s}_1 \hat{s}_5 + \hat{s}_2 \hat{s}_3 + \hat{s}_2 \hat{s}_4 + \hat{s}_2 \hat{s}_6 + \hat{s}_3 \hat{s}_4 + \hat{s}_3 \hat{s}_6 + \hat{s}_4 \hat{s}_5 \right) - J_{dip} \left(\hat{s}_1 \hat{s}_6 + \hat{s}_2 \hat{s}_5 + \hat{s}_3 \hat{s}_5 + \hat{s}_4 \hat{s}_6 + \hat{s}_5 \hat{s}_6 \right)$$

where $\tilde{s}_i = \frac{1}{2}$ is the pseudospin corresponding to the lowest Kramers doublet on center Dy_i.

The dipolar part is considered exactly, while the exchange part is fitted. The best fitting of the magnetic properties is obtained with the following exchange parameter $J_{Lines} = -0.23980 \text{ cm}^{-1}$:

The relation between Lines and Ising parameters is:

$$\tilde{J}_{Ising} = 25 \cdot J_{Lines} \cdot \cos \varphi, \text{ where } \varphi \text{ is the angle between local magnetic moments.}$$

Table S10. Exchange interactions between Dy ions in the complex Dy₆.

Lines parameters (cm⁻¹):

interacting pair	J _{dip}	J _{exch}	J _{total} = J _{dip} + J _{exch}
1-2	0.80795	-0.23980	0.56815
1-3	0.12950	-0.23980	-0.11030
1-4	-0.75911	-0.23980	-0.99891
1-5	-0.36382	-0.23980	-0.60362
1-6	0.00742	0.00000	0.00742
2-3	-0.56520	-0.23980	-0.80500
2-4	0.13189	-0.23980	-0.10791
2-5	0.00353	0.00000	0.00353
2-6	-0.36084	-0.23980	-0.60064
3-4	0.88777	-0.23980	0.64797
3-5	0.00431	0.00000	0.00431
3-6	-0.34277	-0.23980	-0.58257
4-5	-0.30557	-0.23980	-0.54537
4-6	-0.00382	0.00000	-0.00382
5-6	-0.00823	0.00000	-0.00823

Ising parameters (cm⁻¹):

interacting pair	J _{dip}	J _{exch}	J _{total} = J _{dip} + J _{exch}
1-2	7.03823	-2.08895	4.94927
1-3	-3.22677	5.97520	2.74843
1-4	5.44950	1.72148	7.17098
1-5	4.77403	3.14664	7.92066
1-6	0.09964	0.00000	0.09964
2-3	5.34430	2.26746	7.61176
2-4	-3.29008	5.98198	2.69190
2-5	0.04859	0.00000	0.04859
2-6	4.66512	3.10026	7.76539
3-4	7.03220	-1.89949	5.13271
3-5	0.05094	0.00000	0.05094
3-6	4.61637	3.22955	7.84592
4-5	4.54610	3.56759	8.11369
4-6	-0.05444	0.00000	-0.05444
5-6	0.15268	0.00000	0.15268

Table S11. Energies (cm⁻¹) and the corresponding tunneling gaps and g_z values of the lowest 15 exchange doublet states of the complex **Dy₆**.

energy	Δ_{tun}	g_z
0.0000000000000000 0.000000002168481	2.1685E-09	13.0935
7.558067632242402 7.558067632290340	4.7940E-11	8.6081
7.713037819690663 7.713037821218609	1.5279E-09	35.4153
7.896849969035810 7.896849969547637	5.1182E-10	38.5567
11.166996074010076 11.166996075057266	1.0472E-09	41.3632
11.181154005433775 11.181154006949349	1.5156E-09	40.1225
11.238374150494742 11.238374152851986	2.3572E-09	41.3057
11.291154064518341 11.291154065219398	7.0100E-10	34.1666
11.375024062528816 11.375024062669860	1.4100E-10	35.8569
11.396632854189331 11.396632855262746	1.0734E-09	36.3374
11.428097651792545 11.428097652199218	4.0670E-10	34.3780
11.462051783636159 11.462051785349974	1.7138E-09	43.8600
15.075414600881190 15.075414601473799	5.9260E-10	47.8474
15.208288138014147 15.208288139718729	1.7046E-09	47.4591
15.457464548030901 15.457464548159598	1.2860E-10	15.5414

Table S12. A comparison of the lowest calculated Kramers doublets, main values of g tensors, Ising exchange parameters, and the lowest magnetic excitation energies between the prototype **Dy₃**, **Dy₃Cu**, **Dy₆₋₁** and **1**.

		Lowest calculated Kramers doublets / cm ⁻¹	Main values of the g tensor			Ising exchange parameters/ cm ⁻¹	Lowest magnetic excitation energies / cm ⁻¹
			g_x	g_y	g_z		
Dy₃	Dy1	234.2	0.003	0.005	19.844	$J = 7.5$	7.5
	Dy2	217.8	0.003	0.004	19.837		
	Dy3	150.2	0.064	0.089	19.740		
Dy₃Cu	Dy1	89.773	0.085	0.111	19.546	$J = 5.8$	5.4
	Dy2	94.571	0.032	0.049	19.648		
	Dy3	118.074	0.021	0.030	19.627		
Dy₆₋₁	Dy1	187	—	—	19.78	$J_{12} = 5.3$ $J_{13} = 4.1$ $J_{23} = 3.5$ $J_{\text{int}} = 0.8$	0.4
	Dy2	119	—	—	19.66		
	Dy3	80	—	—	19.32		
1	Dy1	181.863	0.006	0.013	19.737	$J_{14} = 7.171$ $J_{15} = 7.921$ $J_{23} = 7.612$ $J_{26} = 7.765$ $J_{36} = 7.846$ $J_{45} = 8.114$ $J_{34} = 5.133$ $J_{12} = 4.949$	7.6
	Dy2	166.890	0.006	0.010	19.673		
	Dy3	152.485	0.007	0.012	19.757		
	Dy4	173.820	0.010	0.018	19.694		
	Dy5	249.668	0.006	0.007	19.801		
	Dy6	193.695	0.007	0.008	19.813		

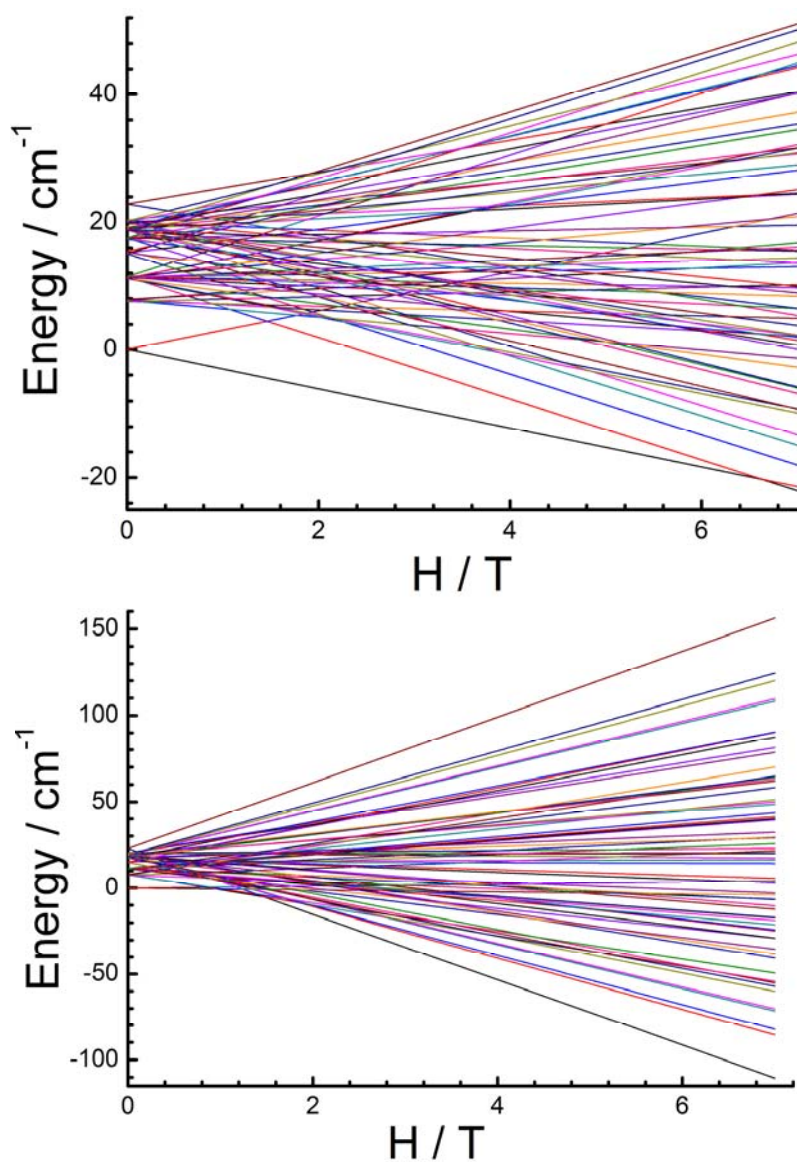


Figure S13. Zeeman splitting of the exchange energy levels in applied magnetic field in the direction of the g_z of the *ground exchange doublet* (upper), and the *first excited exchange doublet* (bottom) of the Dy_6 complex.